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in which the concentration of incomes is most marked are those in which the average income is highest and in which industry and commerce are most highly developed. In most of the larger cities, concentration is greater than in the other districts of the respective provinces. In Vienna the value of δ for 1908 was 3.44.

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NEW BOOKS

DRYSDALE, C. V. *Diagrams of international vital statistics. With description in English and Esperanto. Together with a table of correlation, co-efficients between birth and death rates, etc.* (London: Bell. 1912. 6d.)

KAUFMANN, A. *Lehrbuch der Statistik.* (Tübingen: J. C. B. Mohr. 1912.)

SIGERIUS, A. *Handelsbetriebsstatistik.* (Leipzig: B. G. Teubner. 1912.)

ZIZEK, F. *Soziologie und Statistik.* (Leipzig: Duncker und Humblot. 1912. Pp. 46. 1.50 m.)

Infant mortality. Report of the special committee appointed by the council of the Royal Statistical Society to enquire into the systems adopted in different countries for the registration of births (including stillbirths) and deaths with reference to infantile mortality. (London: Royal Statistical Society. 1912. Pp. 61. 1s.)

A questionnaire was sent to 133 registration officers in various countries, states, and provinces, and replies were received from 103. Contains a brief sketch of the history of registration followed by a discussion of practice, treatment of stillbirths, and statistical methods. This is a most convenient report and especially valuable to the student of vital statistics.

Official year book of the Commonwealth of Australia containing authoritative statistics for the period 1901-1911 and corrected statistics for the period 1788 to 1900. (Melbourne: Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics. 1912. Pp. xl, 1277.)